Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

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Listing of Claims:

- 1-43. (Previously cancelled)
- 44. (Currently amended) A method for simultaneous separate multiepitope detection of an analyte in a sample, the analyte comprising at least two epitopes, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) providing a solid phase comprising a non-porous support, a first and a second spatially separate test area, and at least a first and a second receptor, the first and second receptors binding specifically with said analyte but to different epitopes, the first receptor binding specifically with the analyte via a first epitope and the second receptor binding specifically with the analyte via a second epitope, the first receptor bound directly or indirectly to the first test area and the second receptor bound directly or indirectly to the second test area, there being no more than one type of analyte-specific receptor bound per test area and there being an inert surface between the test areas which does not bind to the analyte or other sample components,
 - (b) contacting the sample with the solid phase and with a detection reagent comprising one or more of a third receptor that binds specifically with the analyte and that is bound directly or indirectly to a signal generating group, and
 - group on the first and second test areas, wherein said signal generating group is bound to the first area or the second test area[[s]] or the first and second test areas via said analyte, as a measure of the analyte in said sample, wherein a positive test result obtained via a test area-specific cut—off on one test area is sufficient for indicating the presence of the analyte in said sample[[-]],

wherein a single application of the sample is contacted with the solid phase, and wherein the single application of the sample simultaneously contacts the first and second spatially separate test areas.

45. (Previously amended) The method of claim 44 wherein the analyte is selected from the group consisting of HIV I, HIV II, HBV, and HCV-antibodies and HIV antigens.

46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44 wherein each test area has a diameter of 0.01 to 1 mm.

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- 47. (Currently amended) The method of claim 44 wherein the solid phase further comprises a control area for detecting false results caused by interferences.
- 48. (Currently amended) The method of claim 44 wherein said detection reagent comprises one or more of a third receptor that binds specifically with the epitope(s) of the analyte and a signal-generating group which is either directly bound to the third receptor or which is a universal detection reagent comprising labelled latex particles which binds to the third receptor.

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- 49. (Currently amended) A solid phase for simultaneous separate multiepitope detection of an analyte in a sample, the analyte comprising at least two epitopes an antigen and an antibody directed against said antigen, the solid phase comprising a non-porous support, a first and a second spatially separate test area, and a first and a second receptor, the receptors binding specifically to the analyte but to different epitopes of the analyte either to the antigen or to the antibody directed against said antigen, the first receptor binding specifically with the analyte via a first epitope antigen and the second receptor binding specifically with the analyte via a second epitope antibody directed against said antigen, the first receptor bound directly or indirectly to the first test area and the second receptor bound directly or indirectly to the second test area, there being no more than one analyte-specific receptor epitopespecific receptor bound per test area, there being an inert surface between the test areas which does not bind to the analyte or other sample components, and wherein a single application of the sample simultaneously contacts the first and second spatially separate test areas, and wherein a positive test result obtained on one test area is sufficient for indicating the presence of the analyte in said sample.
- 50. (Previously presented) The solid phase of claim 49 wherein each test area has a diameter of 0.01 to 1 mm.
- 61. (Currently amended) A test kit for simultaneous separate multiepitope detection of an analyte in a sample, the analyte comprising at least two epitopes an antigen and an antibody directed against said antigen, the test kit comprising a solid phase according to claim 49 and a detection reagent comprising one or more of a third receptor that binds specifically with

- the epitope(s) of the analyte and that is bound directly or indirectly to a signal generating group.
- 52. (Currently amended) The test kit of claim 51 wherein said detection reagent comprises one or more of a third receptor that binds specifically with the epitope(s) of the analyte and a signal-generating group which is a universal detection reagent comprising labelled latex particles which binds to the third receptor.
- 53-72. (Previously cancelled)
- 73. (Currently amended) The method of claim 44, wherein the at least two epitopes in the sample comprise analyte comprises at least two different analyte-specific antigens or at least two different analyte-specific antibodies or at least one analyte-specific antigen and one analyte-specific antibody.

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74. (Canceled)